

GOVERNMENT MAY CUT INDUSTRIAL COAL SUPPLY IN HALF

For several weeks in a survey of the coal requirements of preferred consumers in their territory, which has given the Railroad Administration a very complete idea of how much coal will be needed to supply them. All above this amount will be taken by the railroads, which is believed will have sufficient fuel to run them for a considerable period.

Railroads which find themselves without sufficient fuel will be able to make requisitions through the regional directors on roads which have a surplus. Similarly public utilities and other preferred consumers will be able to obtain fuel imperatively needed by applying to these directors.

Secretary Lane in announcing that the Government would not hesitate to curtail the consumption of coal in industries 50 per cent, said that the coal on hand and that available from unaffected non-union mines must be equitably distributed to essential industries.

The current supply of coal from non-union mines is sufficient to meet domestic demands and supply the needs of railroads and public utilities, Mr. Lane said. New England has stored away a two months supply which will take care of all requirements for that period.

Dr. Garfield was at the White House before the Cabinet met in special session to put final approval on plans to protect the public when the strike of miners goes into effect.

HINES QUESTIONED ON RAILROAD FUEL

Director General Hines also was summoned to give a detailed report of conditions confronting the Railroad Administration. Members of the Cabinet were particularly anxious to know how long the railroad stock of fuel would last and how rapidly coal was being moved from the mines.

Protection of miners willing to remain at work in the mines despite the strike order was given serious consideration by the Cabinet. The general understanding is that the ordinary police forces, State and local, will be used first, but troops will be ordered to the mines if necessary.

Government officials early to-day endeavored to obtain further reports from coal operators regarding announcement last night by Thomas T. Browner, head of the Coal Operators' Scale Committee, that no attempt would be made to open the mines Saturday in face of the strike order.

Confidential advice from Government agents in the coal territory had indicated that a large number of miners would not strike, and it had been thought here that the mines would be open to receive all of the old hands who wanted to stay on the job.

It was explained by officials familiar with the situation that Browner probably spoke only for the central competitive field, embracing Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, all union strongholds.

The annual output in that territory is approximately 150,000,000 tons. An equal amount is turned out by non-union mines, and the total coal output is about 300,000,000 tons, which gives some idea of decreased production in event of closing of all mines in the central field.

SAYS COAL STRIKE WON'T INFLUENCE R. R. WORKERS

W. G. Lee Declares, However, That Concessions Must Be Made by Hines.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Director General Hines to-day had before him the report of his wage adjustment board concerning the demands of the railroad workers. He planned to summon officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railroad Conductors to a conference.

"We came here to get an answer," said W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. "We expect it now."

Mr. Hines's decision, while applying only to conductors and trainmen in this instance, is expected to serve as an index of administration policy toward all railroad workers.

Leaders of the workers told the Director General that they are ready and that it will be difficult to prevent a strike unless concessions are made.

Mr. Lee said railroad workers would not be directly influenced by a coal strike.

"We don't believe in sympathetic action," he said. "A coal strike would contribute to general unrest, however, and might make it harder to restrain the mob."

COAL OPERATORS TO MEET IN CLEVELAND AND CHICAGO

Two Sessions Called to Take Up Strike Situation in Bituminous Fields.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 30.—Indiana representatives were ready to leave here to-day to attend the meeting of mine operators called at Cleveland to consider the proposed coal strike.

It was reported that the operators would review the strike situation and consider offering their services to the Government in case Federal authorities assume control of the mines.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—The policy committee of the central competitive district of coal operators and miners will meet here to-morrow or Saturday at the call of Thomas T. Browner, St. Louis, chairman of the scale committee, to consider the strike situation. It was announced by F. C. Homola, a member to-day.

300,000 MINERS DUE TO WALK OUT IN EIGHT STATES

Unions Predict General Response in All Bituminous Districts of Country.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 30.—The dawn of Saturday will find more than 300,000 coal miners of Western and Central Pennsylvania and West Virginia on strike, according to officers of the United Mine Workers of America in the two districts, who have declared that the men will obey orders of their leaders to walk out.

In the Pittsburgh district alone there are 10,000 miners ready to quit work at the hour set for the strike, according to union representatives.

Union leaders in the West Virginia fields have announced that they expect 54,000 miners to answer the strike, and operators said that a part of the 3,000 union men in the non-union fields of that State might walk out.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 30.—Mining of soft coal at the rate of approximately 85,000,000 tons a year will cease in Illinois, third largest bituminous coal producing State in the Union, and 50,000 miners will be idle, when the miners' strike order becomes effective at midnight to-morrow.

These figures were furnished to-day at miners' State headquarters and at the Illinois Department of Mines and Minerals.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 30.—If the strike of soft coal miners becomes effective Saturday, it will bring out more than 40,000 miners in Ohio, will close down more than 1,200 mines in thirty-one Ohio counties and will stop an average daily production of nearly 20,000 tons, according to officials of the United Mine Workers here.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 30.—Approximately 40,000 miners, whose annual output of bituminous coal has been 21,000,000 tons will fail to go to work in Kentucky Saturday, according to best information reaching Louisville from the mining districts to-day.

PITTSBURGH, Kan., Oct. 30.—Every union miner in the Kansas coal fields has been notified to cease work to-morrow night. Union officials have announced that the strike order will close practically every mine in Kansas. The Kansas production is 7,000,000 tons yearly. Thirteen thousand miners are employed in the district.

DETROIT, Oct. 30.—General observance of the strike call would affect approximately 2,400 miners in Michigan.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 30.—Union officials claimed to-day that 18,000 miners in the Eastern Tennessee and Southern Kentucky district would go on strike to-morrow midnight.

OPERATORS PLEDGE FIGHT ON ANY PROFITEERS

Scale Committee Head Says Few Have Taken Advantage of Present Crisis.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.—The operators will use all of their power to prevent any individual among them from increasing the price of coal, according to a statement made by Thomas T. Browner, head of the Coal Operators' Scale Committee, to-day.

Mr. Browner also stated that so far as is known, the attempt to take advantage of the present situation to boost the price of coal have been few.

"After the withdrawal of price control the prices of the higher grades advanced slightly and the lower grades declined considerably and the general average of prices is below those in effect at the time the price control was withdrawn," said Mr. Browner.

MINERS DEMAND A VOTE.

Alabama Workers Refuse to Walk Out in Advance.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 30.—Union miners in Jasper County met to-day to take a vote on the question of obeying the call for a strike of bituminous mine workers Saturday.

The meeting was forced by a number of miners who insisted they would not walk out until a referendum had been taken.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

RACE TRACK, LAUREL, Md., Oct. 30.—The following are the entries for the first race, the yearling colts, at Laurel today: 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Pen Pictures of Gov. Smith in Action In Carnegie Hall Attack on Hearst



PRESIDENT USURPS POWER, SAY MINERS; FIRM FOR STRIKE

(Continued From First Page.)

international convention of our organization whenever our scale committee has received an honorable proposition for presentation to such convention.

CALLS PRESIDENT'S STATEMENT "FIERCELY PARTISAN"

"Permit me to say to you, sir, the unprecedented and unwarranted action of Cabinet and President of the United States in issuing statement of Saturday last has done more to prevent satisfactory settlement of impending strike and working out of wage agreement than any other element which has entered into situation.

"The President's statement is a fiercely partisan document because it attacks the intention of the mine workers without even suggesting that mine operators may have brought about this unhappy situation, and further because threat is made to exercise full power of Government to prevent stoppage of work without any corresponding threat to enforce fair working conditions and a living wage.

"It is indeed a sad commentary upon principles of square dealing when President of United States and his Cabinet by unanimous vote ally themselves with sinister financial interests which seek to deny justice to labor and precipitate our country into industrial turmoil.

"The President states: 'The mine workers' projected strike is not only unjustifiable, but unlawful.' He states further: 'It is wrong both morally and legally.' In other words, the President says it is a crime for the miners to strike and threatens punishment for the crime.

NOT A CRIME TO STRIKE, AS- SERTS MINE CHIEF.

"May I point out to you that, under laws of United States beyond any Presidential amendment or abrogation, it is not a crime to strike; it cannot be made a crime to strike and that an individual cannot be punished for striking as for the commission of a crime.

"The President of the United States is the servant and not the master of the Constitution. The Constitution is the supreme law of the land. In the interpretation and application of the Constitution, the decisions of the Supreme Court are final authority.

"The President's statement of Oct. 25, 1919, threatens invasion of Constitutional rights of American citizens.

tutional and inalienable rights of American citizens. It is the climax of long series of attempted usurpations of executive power.

"The Presidential statement announced as its excuse for threatening invasion of constitutional rights 'that the war itself is still a fact.' Two days later, however, in a veto message to Congress, the President refused to approve of enforcement, an act which he said 'was passed by reason of the emergency of war and whose objects have been satisfied in the demobilization of the army and navy.' If the President was right on Monday I submit, sir, that he was wrong on Saturday.

"The Presidential edict threatens to deny to mine workers protection of both the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution. They are threatened with involuntary servitude by the Presidential attempt to make a refusal to work individually or collectively a crime.

"This, despite the Supreme Court has repeatedly held that under these amendments a laborer cannot be forced even under pain of a contract obligation to render involuntary service. Supreme Court of United States has always asserted there is no more important concern than to safeguard the freedom of labor upon which alone can enduring prosperity be based."

"It is difficult to believe that the President would have issued such a document had he been physically capable of obtaining first hand information and of exercising his own independent intelligence in this most important problem. Yet his statement of Oct. 25 threatens the mine workers with a sanctified peonage, demands that they perform involuntary service; proclaims a refusal to be a crime when no such crime exists nor can such a crime be defined under the Constitution.

"The right and the duty rests upon free American labor to maintain and guarantee of all American citizens. The United Mine Workers of America believe the great majority of our citizenship will resent any trespass upon these principles.

(Signed) "JOHN L. LEWIS, President United Mine Workers of America."

Clemenceau's Name Forged.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—A sensational series of arrests may result from discovery that hundreds of letters bearing the forged signature of Premier Clemenceau and forwarded post free under the stamp of the Ministry of War have been received by influential electors in various departments. They give suggestions and directions tending to affect the chances for election of various candidates. The Premier has ordered a searching investigation.

New Jersey Retains Zone Fare.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 30.—The Board of Public Utility Commissioners for the second time denied this afternoon the application of Thomas H. McCarter, President of the Public Service Railway Company for a flat seven-cent fare on all its lines, and recommended a continuance of the zone fare system.

SMITH DENOUNCES HEARST AS "LIAR" AND "PESTILENCE"

Governor Cheered as He Pictures Editor as Disloyal and "Breeder of Anarchy."

The first concrete result of the fight between Gov. Alfred E. Smith and William Randolph Hearst will be the appointment of a non-partisan Citizens' Fair Play Committee of 1,000 "to frame a sound public opinion, directed against insidious and disintegrating opinions of his (Hearst's) journals, and to protect public servants and citizens generally from his irresponsible methods of misrepresentation and slander through the most effective methods it may see fit to employ."

An audience that completely filled Carnegie Hall last night decided on this after hearing the Governor, obviously in deadly earnest but without mud slinging, denounce Mr. Hearst as an enemy of the people, an apostle of discord, a breeder of anarchy and crime, and a destroyer of respect for the Government. He declared the editor was sowing seeds of discord to serve his own selfish purpose, and said he could think of no more despicable man than one who would exploit the poor for his own ends.

It was the Governor's second attack on Mr. Hearst, who had refused an invitation to meet the Executive in debate at last night's meeting. The audience was with the Governor from the beginning. He kept his temper well in check. He called the editor a liar more than once, but always it was after he had something he contended justified it.

DENUNCIATION OF HEARST IS ADOPTED WITH SHOUT.

It was unanimously and with a shout that the audience at the close arose, waved American flags and adopted the resolution.

The resolutions, which were very long, were read by the Governor at the request of Col. Thompson. They read in part:

"That William Randolph Hearst has pursued a career of yellow journalism, in which wilful misrepresentation of policies, perversion of facts, distortion of the truth to suit his hate and selfishness have been his conspicuous characteristics; that William

SUFFICIENT COAL TO SUPPLY HOMES AND RUN UTILITIES

Non-union Miners and Contracts Assure This Says Secretary Lane.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Summing up the condition of the country's fuel supply on the eve of a threatened soft coal strike, Secretary Lane to-day gave an encouraging view of the situation as it touches households and public needs.

New England, Mr. Lane said, has a supply of coal that would last two months. The Northwest, the principal storage point of which is Duluth is also liberally supplied, according to Lane.

Coal mined by non-union miners and coal produced by mines where contracts are in force and where the men will not walk out will be sufficient to take care of all current domestic, public utility and railroad needs Mr. Lane declared.

There is from 150,000,000 to 200,000,000 tons of non-union mined coal yearly, and this would be divided as follows:

Railroad supply, 100,000,000 tons; domestic, 50,000,000, and public utilities 25,000,000. This would leave no coal for industries from the source, and Mr. Lane said they would have to be taken care of through curtailment of their consumption.

Detroit Has Four Months' Coal Supply for Public Use.

DETROIT, Oct. 30.—Bituminous coal in quantities sufficient to protect Detroit factories, schools and public utilities against four months' suspension of supply has been accumulated here, according to local coal distributors.

Throughout the State also it is said, some time would elapse before a curtailment of supply would be seriously felt.

Railroads in Chicago Region Have 30 Days' Coal.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—All railroads have at least a 30 days' supply of coal on hand and in event of aerial shortage some of this may be divided with householders and essential industries, according to a statement issued to-day from the office of Regional Director Ashton of the Railroad Administration.

Louisville's Supply Will Last Only Two Days.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 30.—Louisville, it was asserted to-day, had but a two days' supply of coal on hand.

POWER TO FIX R. R. RATES IS TAKEN FROM WILSON

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The House to-day gave final approval to the bill taking from the President his war power to make railroad rates without first submitting them to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The bill now goes to the President for his signature. It restores the pre-war system of rate making.

A bill to authorize finding of millions of dollars loaned to railroads by the Government for purchase of equipment was passed by the Senate to-day. A funding corporation has been organized to handle \$25,000,000 of the billion dollars expended for betterments by the Government. Senator Cummings explained that Congressional authority is necessary before the Government can accept securities of this concern in payment.

Tired Out?